## **Overall Curriculum Goals**

- develop theoretical knowledge and understanding of the factors that underpin physical activity and sport and use this knowledge and understanding to improve performance
  - understand how the physiological and psychological state affects performance in physical activity and sport
  - perform effectively in different physical activities by developing skills and techniques and selecting and using tactics, strategies and/or compositional ideas
    - develop their ability to analyse and evaluate to improve performance in physical activity and sport
       understand the contribution that physical activity and sport make to health, fitness and wellbeing

	<ul> <li>understand the contribution that physical activity and sport make to health, fitness and wellbeing</li> <li>understand the key socio-cultural influences that can affect people's involvement in physical activity and sport.</li> </ul>							
Half Term 1	Half Term 2	Half Term 3	Half Term 4	Half Term 5	Half Term 6			
The structure and functions of the musculo-skeletal system  Practical performance Skills during individual and team activities Perform effectively in different physical activities by developing skills and techniques and selecting and using tactics, strategies and/or compositional ideas	The structure and functions of the musculo-skeletal system The structure and functions of the cardio-respiratory system  Practical performance Skills during individual and team activities Perform effectively in different physical activities by developing skills and techniques and selecting and using tactics, strategies and/or compositional ideas	The structure and functions of the cardio-respiratory system Anaerobic and aerobic exercise Short- and long-term effects of exercise on the body systems  Practical performance Skills during individual and team activities Perform effectively in different physical activities by developing skills and techniques and selecting and using tactics, strategies and/or compositional ideas	The components of fitness, benefits for sport and how fitness is measured and improved  Practical performance Skills during individual and team activities Perform effectively in different physical activities by developing skills and techniques and selecting and using tactics, strategies and/or compositional ideas	The principles of training and their application to personal exercise/ training programmes Effective use of warm up and cool down How to optimise training and prevent injury Use of data Personal Exercise Programme	Personal Exercise Programme			
Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Ideas	Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Ideas	Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Ideas	Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Ideas	Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Ideas	Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Ideas			
cranium, clavicle, scapula, five regions of the vertebral column (cervical, thoracic, lumbar, sacrum, coccyx), ribs, sternum, humerus, radius, ulna, carpals, metacarpals, phalanges (in the hand), pelvis, femur, patella, tibia, fibula, tarsals, metatarsals, phalanges (in the foot)  pivot (neck – atlas and axis), hinge (elbow, knee and ankle), ball and socket (hip and shoulder), condyloid (wrist)  deltoid, biceps, triceps, pectoralis major, latissimus dorsi, external obliques, hip flexors, gluteus maximus, quadriceps, hamstrings, gastrocnemius and tibialis anterior flexion, extension, adduction, abduction, rotation, circumduction, plantar-flexion, dorsi-flexion	atria, ventricles, septum, tricuspid, bicuspid and semi-lunar valves, aorta, vena cava, pulmonary artery, pulmonary vein  vasoconstriction, vasodilation vascular shunting  Vital capacity and tidal volume  lungs, bronchi, bronchioles, alveoli, diaphragm	lactate accumulation, muscle fatigue heart rate, stroke volume and cardiac output aerobic and anaerobic respiration	Cardiovascular fitness (aerobic endurance), strength, muscular endurance, flexibility, body composition, agility, balance, coordination, power, reaction time, and speed  Fitness tests for specific components of fitness: cardiovascular fitness – Cooper 12-minute tests (run, swim), Harvard Step Test; agility – Illinois agility run test; strength – grip dynamometer; muscular endurance – one minute sit-up, one-minute pressup; speed – 30 m sprint; power – vertical jump; flexibility – sit and reach	Individual needs, specificity, progressive overload, FITT (frequency, intensity, time, type), overtraining, reversibility, thresholds of training (aerobic target zone: 60–80% and anaerobic target zone: 80%–90% calculated using simplified Karvonen formula, i.e. (220) – (your age) = Max HR; (Max HR) x (60% to 80%) = aerobic training zone; (Max HR) x (80% to 90%) = anaerobic training zone) continuous, Fartlek, circuit, interval, plyometrics, weight/resistance body pump, aerobics, Pilates, yoga, spinning PARQ Qualitative and quantitative methods statistical data normative data	Application of terms from HT4 and 5 into a personalised training plan.			
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     understand the contribution that physical activity and sport make to health, fitness and wellbeing
     understand the key socio-cultural influences that can affect people's involvement in physical activity and sport.

	understand the stand the stand the stand the stand the stand the standard term of the st	e key socio-cultural influences that	can affect people's involvement in pl	nysical activity and sport.	
Half Term 1	Half Term 2	Half Term 3	Half Term 4	Half Term 5	Half Term 6
Health, Fitness, injuries,	Classification of sports skills,	Participation rates, the relationship	Levers, planes and axes,	Review and recap of all theoretical	
performance enhancing drugs,	Practice structures, goal setting,	between commercialisation, the		content	
nutrition	Principles of SMART targets, Types	media and physical activity and	Practical performance		
	of guidance, Types of feedback,	sport, The advantages and	Skills during individual and team		
Practical performance	Mental preparation for	disadvantages of commercialisation	activities		
Skills during individual and team	performance	and the media, The different types	Perform effectively in different		
activities		of sporting behaviour	physical activities by developing		
Perform effectively in different			skills and techniques and selecting		
physical activities by developing	Practical performance	Practical performance	and using tactics, strategies and/or		
skills and techniques and selecting	Skills during individual and team	Skills during individual and team	compositional ideas		
and using tactics, strategies and/or	activities	activities			
compositional ideas	Perform effectively in different	Perform effectively in different			
	physical activities by developing	physical activities by developing			
	skills and techniques and selecting	skills and techniques and selecting			
	and using tactics, strategies and/or	and using tactics, strategies and/or			
	compositional ideas	compositional ideas			
Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Ideas	Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Ideas	Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Ideas	Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Ideas	Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Ideas	Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Ideas
fitness, health, exercise and	Continua.	The impact on participation rates	First, second- and third-class levers		
performance	open-closed,	considering the following personal			
concussion, fractures, dislocation,	basic (simple)-complex,	factors: gender, age, socio-	sagittal, frontal and transverse		
sprain, torn cartilage and soft tissue	low organisation-high organisation	economic group, ethnicity,	plane		
injury (strain, tennis elbow, golfers'	massed,	disability	frantal assittal ventical avec		
elbow, abrasions)	distributed,	Advantages and disadvantages for:	frontal, sagittal, vertical axes		
anabolic steroids, beta blockers,	fixed	the sponsor,			
diuretics,	variable specific,	the sport, the player/performer,			
narcotic analgesics, peptide hormones (erythropoietin (EPO),	measurable,	the spectator			
growth hormones (GH)), stimulants,	achievable,	sportsmanship,			
blood doping	realistic,	gamesmanship,			
bronchitis, lung cancer	time-bound	and the reasons for, and			
overweight, overfat, obese	visual, verbal, manual and	consequences of, deviance at elite			
over weight, overlat, obese	mechanical	level			
	intrinsic,	10001			
	extrinsic,				
	concurrent,				
	terminal				
	warm up				
	mental rehearsal				

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Discussion about different careers in sport; coaching or teaching, physiotherapy, sports nutritionist, performer							